CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1	1.	A method of minimizing sticky keys in an electronic device having a body,				
2	circuitry, and	try, and a plurality of keypads, the method comprising the steps of:				
3		(a) providing a protectant coating; and				
4		(b) applying the protectant coating on surfaces on the keypad and on the				
5	body to preven	ent sticking between the mating surfaces.				
2						
1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2. The method of claim 1 wherein the protectant coating comprises a hydrople					
1 2	highly anti-we	highly anti-wetting surface treatment.				
	3.	The method of claim 1 wherein the protectant coating comprises a				
2 1 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	fluoraliphatic	oraliphatic polymer.				
4						
5	4.	A method of reversibly absorbing liquid penetrations into electronic devices				
6	having a body and circuitry, the method comprising:					
7		providing a protectant coating;				
8		applying the protectant coating on surfaces on the keypad and on the body to				
9	prevent sticking between the mating surfaces;					
10		providing an absorbent structure in sheet-like form; and				
11		placing the absorbent structure within the electronic device such that the				
10	etructura coxo	are the electronic circuitry to be protected				

5.	The method of claim 4 wherein the protected coating comprises a hydrophobic,				
highly anti-wetting surface treatment.					
6.	The method of claim 5 wherein the protectant coating comprises a				
fluoraliphatic	fluoraliphatic polymer.				
7.	A system for minimizing sticky keypads in electronic devices, the absorbent				
system comprising:					
	a first protectant coating on critical surfaces of the keypad; and				
	a second protectant coating on the mating surfaces to the critical surfaces of the				
keypad which are located in the body of the device; and					
	a water-permeable top sheet, a hydrogel-forming core, and a back sheet, the				
combination of elements forming the absorbent structure having a defined thickness; wherein the absorbent structure is characterized by having formations that allow for access to and					
					penetration of electronic and mechanical elements.
8.	The system of claim 7 wherein the first and/or second protectant coatings				
comprises a h	comprises a hydrophobic, highly anti-wetting surface treatment.				
9.	The system of claim 8 wherein the first and/or second protective coatings				
comprise a fluoraliphatic polymer.					
	6. fluoraliphatic 7. system comprises a head of the absorbent penetration penet				

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A method of minimizing sticky keys in an electronic device having a body,

2	circulary, and a pluranty of keypads, the method comprising the steps of:					
3		(a)	providing a protectant coating wherein the protectant coating comprises			
4	a fluoraliphatic polymer; and					
5		(b)	applying the protectant coating on surfaces on the keypad and on the			
6			body to prevent sticking between the mating surfaces.			
7						
1	11.	A me	thod of reversibly absorbing liquid penetrations into electronic devices			
2	having a body and circuitry, the method comprising:					
)		provi	ding a protectant coating wherein the protectant coating comprises a			
3	4 fluoraliphatic polymer;					
e june 1		apply	ing the protectant coating on surfaces on the keypad and on the body to			
6	prevent sticking between the mating surfaces;					
		provi	ding an absorbent structure in sheet-like form; and			
1 1 1 8 1 2 1 8 1 2 2 8		placin	ng the absorbent structure within the electronic device such that the			
9	structure covers the electronic circuitry to be protected.					
1	12.	A sys	tem for minimizing sticky keypads in electronic devices, the absorbent			
2	system comprising:					
3		a first	protectant coating on critical surfaces of the keypad; and			
4		a seco	and protectant coating on the mating surfaces to the critical surfaces of the			
5	keypad which are located in the body of the device wherein the first and second protective					
6	coatings comprise a fluoraliphatic polymer; and					

a water-permeable top sheet, a hydrogel-forming core, and a back sheet, the

combination of elements forming the absorbent structure having a defined thickness; wherein

the absorbent structure is characterized by having formations that allow for access to and

penetration of electronic and mechanical elements.